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# Study of boiling mechanisms using biphilic surfaces

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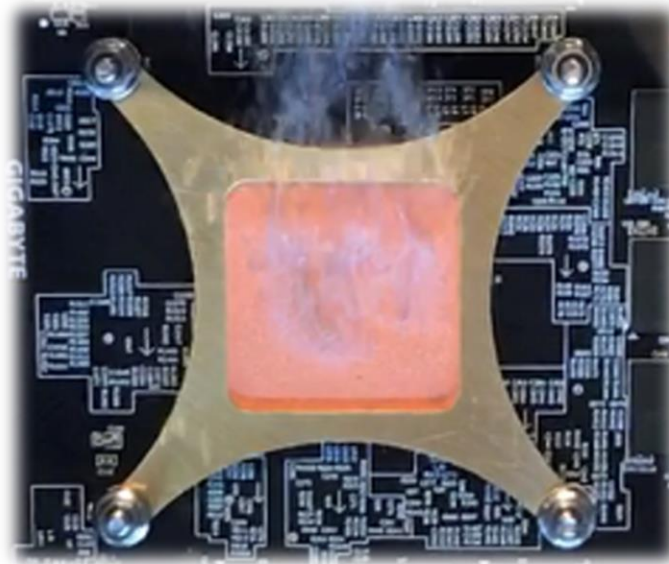
20<sup>th</sup> September, 2019



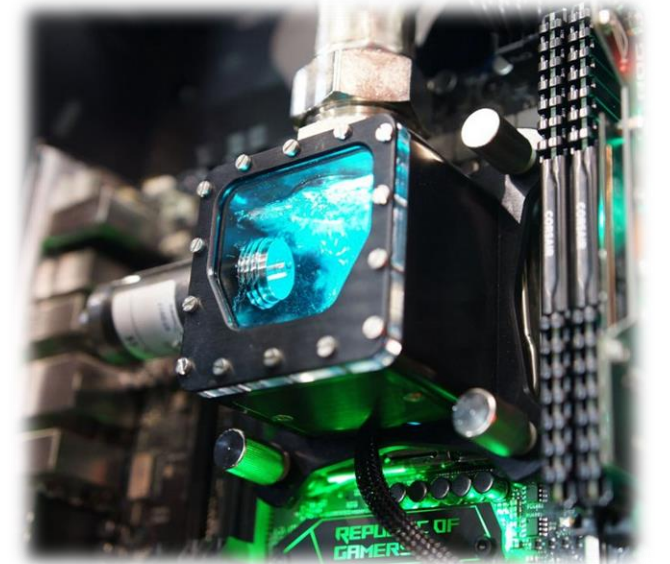
# Phase Change Liquid Cooling Applications



Developed by Der8auer



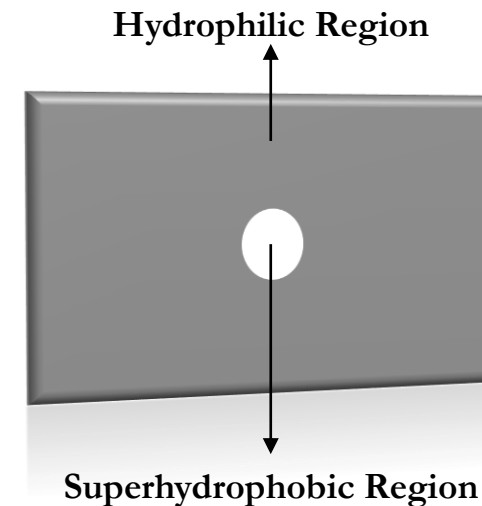
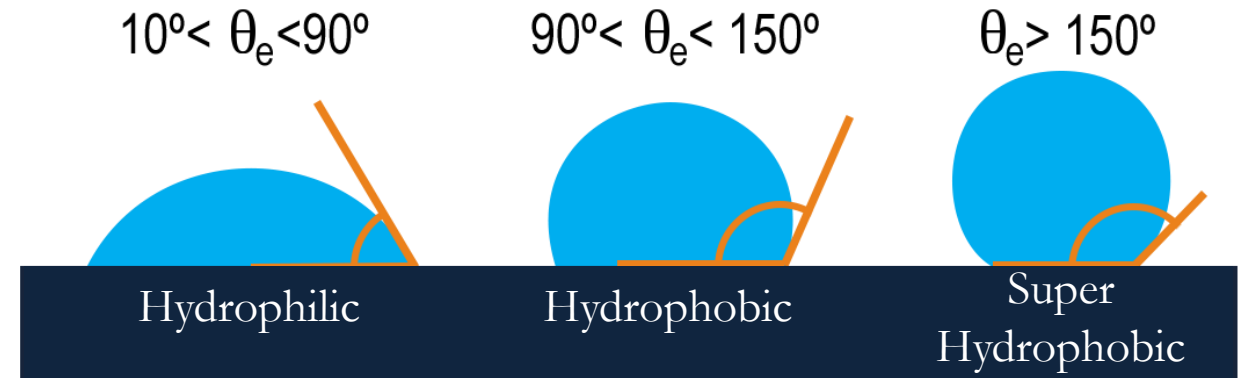
Developed by Thermal Solutions



Developed by Der8auer

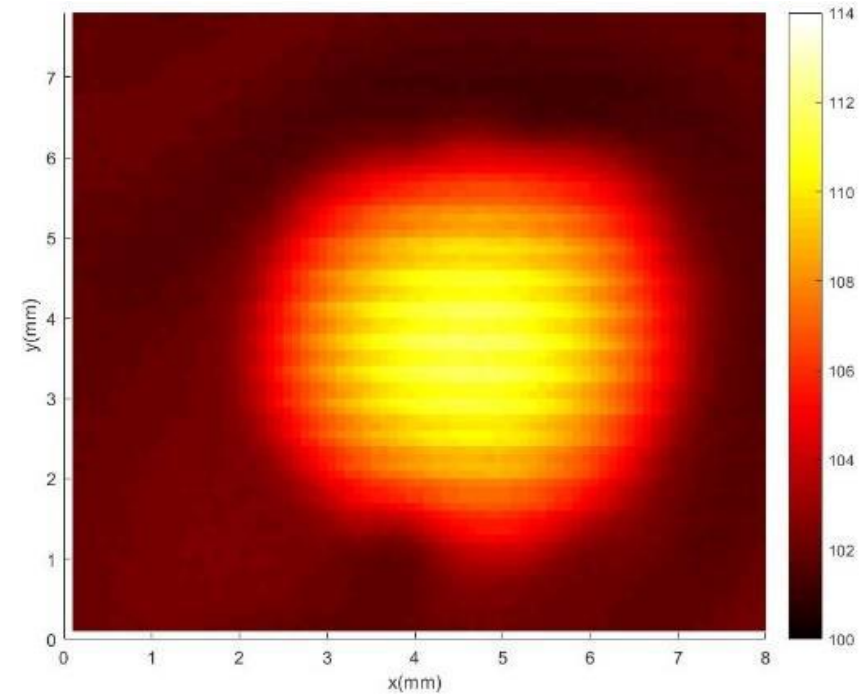
# Biphilic Surfaces

- Biphilic Surfaces are composed of different wettability regimes. In this case the surfaces are hydrophilic with added superhydrophobic spots.
- Superhydrophobic behavior is achieved either by coating or structuring.



# Main Objectives

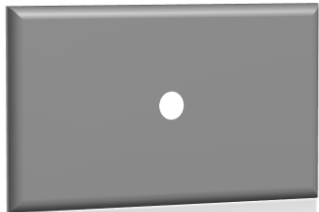
- Studying single bubble dynamics on biphilic surfaces
- Analyzing the biphilic surface temperature distributions



# Main Objectives

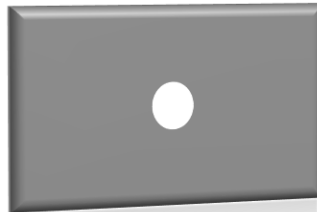
- Vary the geometric parameters of the biphilic patterns
- Accomplish an ideal biphilic configuration

$\varnothing = 1,5 \text{ mm}$



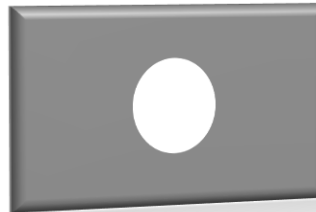
$\delta = 0,5 \varnothing$

$\varnothing = 2,6 \text{ mm}$

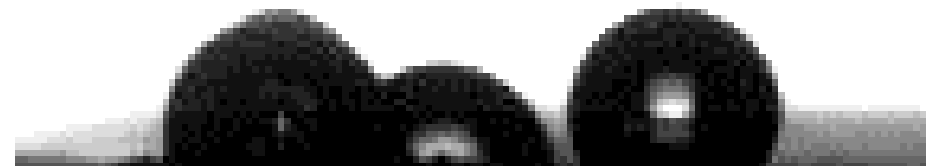
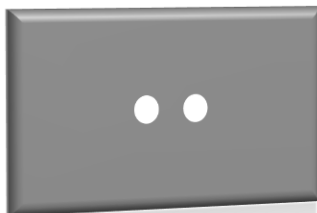


$\delta = 1 \varnothing$

$\varnothing = 5,2 \text{ mm}$

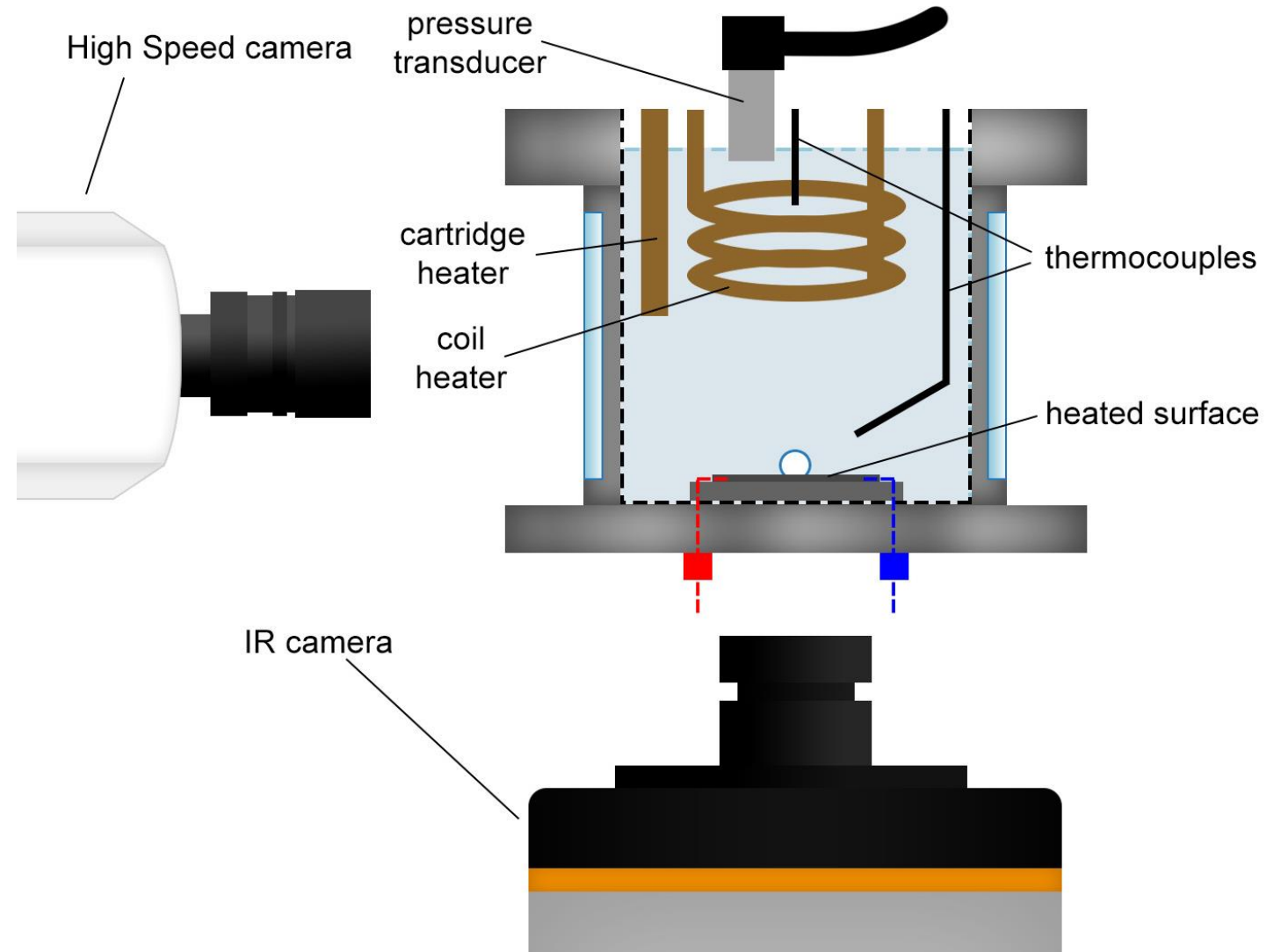


$\delta = 2 \varnothing$



# Experimental setup

- High Speed Imaging
- Thermography



# Main conclusions

- Smaller superhydrophobic regions promote larger evaporated mass flux ratio in terms of total area i.e. larger latent heat removal
- Optimum distance between superhydrophobic regions is approximately the size of one diameter of a superhydrophobic region

**Thank you for your attention!**